

Acceleration Programs- Which is Right For You?

In thinking about choosing courses/programs to accelerate in, use this chart of consider which program is best for you and your academic success.

	Advanced	International	Dual Enrollment
	Placement	Baccalaureate	
Location	High school setting	High school setting	High school setting or on college campus
Length of Courses	Semester or one year	Semester or one year	Semester
Types of Courses	Over 30 tests given in all subject areas https://apstudent.collegeboard.org/apcourse , mostly core	6 core areas and a core http://www.ibo.org/programmes/diploma-programme/, mostly core	Use of college catalog, often over 100 courses to choose from including core & prerequisites
Teacher Certification	Bachelors degree	Bachelors degree	Masters to doctorate degree in content
Curriculum	Curriculum developed by the AP program (CollegeBoard), district, and teacher	Curriculum developed by the IB program, district, and teacher	Curriculum developed the college institution department and faculty
High School Credits	Earn high school credits, given more weight towards GPA	Earn high school credits, given more weight towards GPA	Earn high school credits, given more weight towards GPA
College Credits	Dependent on end-of-year test scores & college attending	Dependent on end-of-year test scores & college attending	Earned throughout the semester, final grade determines credits
College Transcript	Receive grade for high school, but passing score only earns credit not counted towards college GPA	Receive grade for high school, but passing score only earns credit not counted towards college GPA	Receive both high school and college credit. An official college transcript begins with those grades.
Entrance Into Program	Widely accessible to most students, traditionally not as dependent on GPA or test scores	Limited access program to select students with certain GPA and recommendations	Accessible to students with certain GPA scores and/or passing of determined college entrance exam
Other Pros	Can be mixed in with high school courses	Can be mixed in with high school courses	Can be mixed in with high school courses
	Can start as early as 9th grade year, traditionally 11th & 12th	Students enter program as a 9th or 10th grader.	Can start as early as 9th grade, traditionally 11th & 12th
	Independent courses- not a structured program	Very structured program with little flexibility	Independent courses, but part of an overall general studies plan
	Teacher support	Teacher support	Can receive anywhere from 3-60 credits
			Career exploration opportunities
Cons	Grades in course does not always represent how they will do on the test	Grades in course does not always represent how they will do on the test.	Your final grade is your final grade. If student did poorly it is permanently on their college transcript
	Limited course selection at school.	Structured program can inhibit other coursework that is interesting to students	Fast paced curriculum Very independent, especially on the college campus